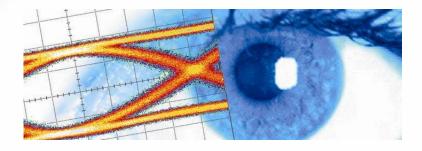


## SHF Communication Technologies AG

Wilhelm-von-Siemens-Str. 23D • 12277 Berlin • Germany

Phone +49 30 772 051-0 • Fax +49 30 753 10 78

E-Mail: sales@shf-communication.com • Web: www.shf-communication.com



# Datasheet SHF D837 B Differential to Single-Ended Linear Broadband Amplifier



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The SHF D837 B is a RoHS compliant differential input, single-ended output linear amplifier designed for PAM4 and 16QAM applications. The single-ended output drive amplitude of up to at least 3 V linear is particularly well suited for state-of-the-art single-drive DP-16QAM modulators. When driven from the differential outputs of a high performance DAC, the common-mode rejection characteristic of this differential input design helps to maintain the linearity and resolution of the DAC.

This amplifier is of a single chip design based on state-of-the-art commercial GaAs process, housed in a special low loss carrier PCB environment to maintain wide bandwidth and low group delay variation, necessary for high performance operation.

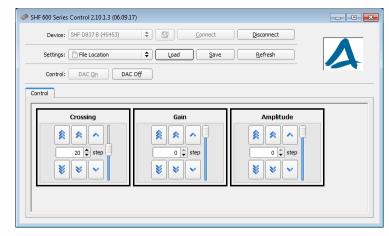
Like other amplifiers in the product family, this amplifier enjoys the same benefit of an internal voltage regulation to protect against accidental reverse voltage connection. Similarly, the output amplitude and crossing adjustment using software control via an USB connection. Once adjusted, the connection can be removed until the next time.

## Ease of Use

Upon delivery, the amplifier is already pre-set to deliver maximum gain, maximum output amplitude and nominally 50% crossing.

These settings can be modified in an easy to use graphical software interface, as shown below. For connecting the amplifier to the computer, the USB to I2C converter cable, as well as the required software are included with each amplifier with no extra charge.

Once new settings are stored on the device the amplifier will remember the settings until further changes are made. There is no need to connect a computer to the device unless gain, maximum amplitude or crossing adjustments are to be made.



The software is available for download at www.shf-communication.com .

GUI of the SHF 600 Series Control software

## **Available Options**

- 03: DC return on output (max. ±1.75 V, max. 35 mA)<sup>1</sup>
- 04: Built-in bias tee on output (max. ±7 V, max. 220 mA)<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The options 03 & 04 cannot be combined.

If an option is chosen, the maximum gain and the maximum output power might be reduced by up to 1 dB. The low frequency 3 dB Point might be increased up to 80 kHz. The DC resistance of an bias tee is about 3 Ω.



Parameter	Unit	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Conditions
Absolute Maximum Ratings						
Maximum RF Input Power in Operation	dBm V	P <sub>in max</sub>			4 1	peak to peak voltage
Maximum RF Input Power without Power Supply	dBm V	P <sub>in max</sub>			10 2	peak to peak voltage
DC Voltage at RF Input	V				±9	AC coupled input
DC Voltage at RF Output	V				±7	AC coupled output
Supply Voltage	V		8		12	0.4 A, reverse voltage protected
Case Temperature <sup>2</sup>	$T_{case}$	°C	10	40	50	
Electrical Characteristics	(At 40°C	case temp	perature,	unless oth	erwise s	pecified)
	GHz	f <sub>HIGH InP</sub>	45			single ended <sup>3</sup> , non-inverting input
High Frequency 3 dB Point	GHz	f <sub>HIGH InN</sub>	32			single ended <sup>3</sup> , inverting input
	GHz	f <sub>HIGH Diff</sub>	35			Calculated from single ended
Low Frequency 3 dB Point	kHz	$f_{LOW}$			50	each inputs
Gain	dB	S <sub>21</sub>	9	10		measured at P <sub>in</sub> = -27 dBm
Gain Ripple	dB	$\Delta S_{21}$		±0.5	±1	40 MHz25 GHz, relative to gain-slope
Max. Gain Reduction	dB		-2.5	-3	-4	Control via software interface
Output Power at 1 dB Compression	dBm V	$P_{01dB}$	12 2.5	13 2.8		10 MHz25 GHz peak to peak voltage
Output Power at 2 dB Compression	dBm V	P <sub>02dB</sub>	15 3.6	16 4.0		10 MHz25 GHz peak to peak voltage
Output Power at 3 dB Compression	dBm V	P <sub>03dB</sub>	16 4.0	17 4.5		10 MHz25 GHz peak to peak voltage
3 <sup>rd</sup> Order Intercept Point	dBm	IP <sub>3</sub>	25			
Max. RF Input for Linear Operation	dBm V	P <sub>in lin</sub>			-3 0.45	I.e. Pout ≤ P01dB peak to peak voltage, single ended
Max. Output Power Reduction	dB			tbd		P <sub>in</sub> ≥ - 2 dBm Crossing might need to be readjusted by using the crossing control feature. Control via software interface
Crossing Control Range	%		-4		4	Control via software interface Vout ~2.5 V

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> If operated with heat sink (part of the delivery) at room temperature there is no need for additional cooling.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Single ended measurement condition with -27dBm input power

Parameter	Unit	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Conditions
Input Reflection	dB	S <sub>11</sub>			-12 -10	< 10 GHz, single ended < 30 GHz, single ended
Output Reflection	dB	<b>S</b> <sub>22</sub>		-10	-9	< 30 GHz
Rise Time/Fall Time	ps	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>			7 11	20%80%, 2.5 V $\leq$ Vout $\leq$ 3.5 V Deconvoluted <sup>4, 5</sup> Full Setup <sup>4</sup>
Jitter	fs	J <sub>RMS</sub>		500 580	550 650	2.5 V ≤ Vout ≤ 3.5 V Deconvoluted <sup>4, 5</sup> Full Setup <sup>4</sup>
Group Delay Ripple	ps				±50	40 MHz30 GHz, 100 MHz aperture
Power Consumption	W			2.7		9 V supply voltage
Mechanical Characteristic	s					
Input Connectors						1.85 mm (V) female <sup>6</sup>
Output Connector						1.85 mm (V) male <sup>6</sup>

 $t_r/t_{f \ deconvoluted} = \sqrt{(t_r/t_{f \ full \ setup})^2 - (t_r/t_{f \ setup \ w/o \ DUT})^2} = \sqrt{(t_r/t_{f \ full \ setup})^2 - 11 \ ps^2}$   $J_{RMS \ deconvoluted} = \sqrt{(J_{RMS \ full \ setup})^2 - (J_{RMS \ setup \ w/o \ DUT})^2} = \sqrt{(J_{RMS \ full \ setup})^2 - 360 \ fs^2}$ 

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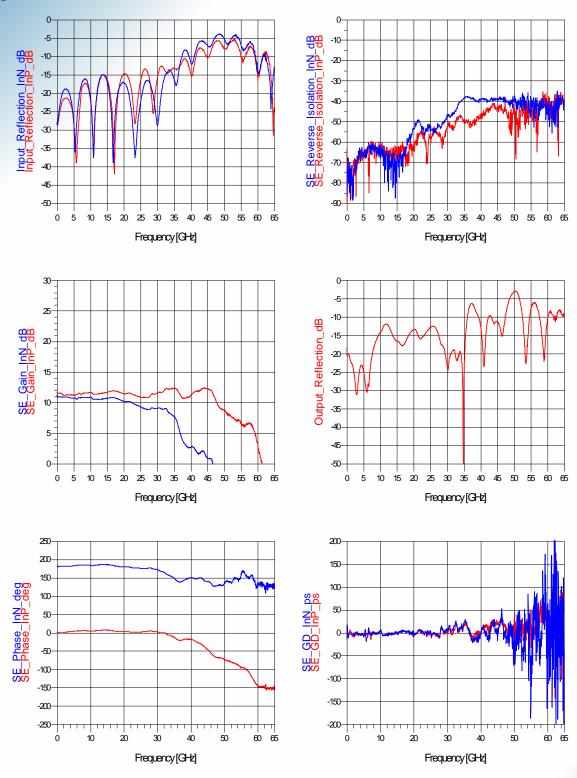
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Measured with: SHF 613 A DAC -> DUT (SHF D837 B) -> Agilent 86100C with 70 GHz sampling head & precision time base.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>scriptscriptstyle 5}$  Calculation based on typical results of setup without DUT :

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Other gender configurations are available on request. Other connector types are also available but may impact bandwidth & reflection.



### **Single-Ended Measurements**

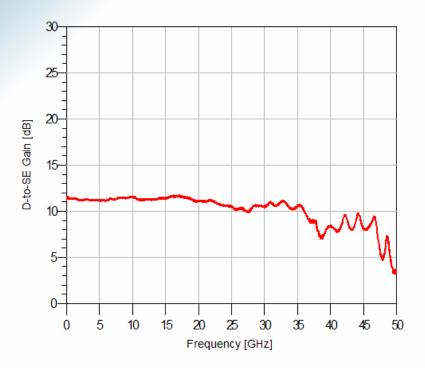


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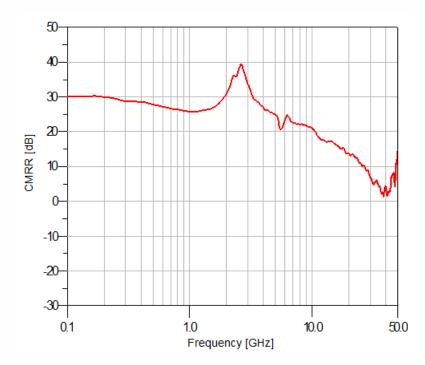




**Differential to Single-Ended (calculated from Single-Ended Measurements)** 



**Typical Common-Mode-Rejection-Ratio (CMRR)** 

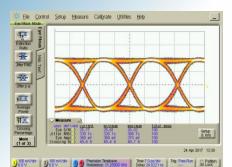


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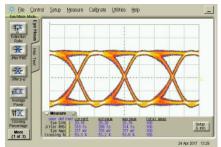




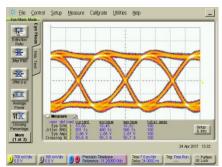
The measurements below had been performed using a SHF 613 A DAC and an Agilent 86100D DCA with Precision Time Base Module (86107A) and 70 GHz Sampling Head (86118A).



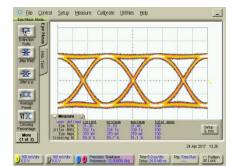
Input Signal InP @ 45 Gbps, Eye amplitude: 369 mV



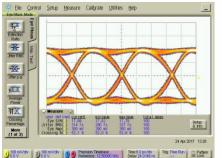
Input Signal InN @ 45 Gbps, Eye amplitude: 377 mV



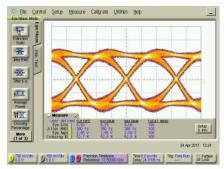
Output Signal @ 45 Gbps, Eye amplitude: 2.7 V



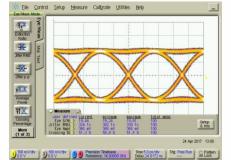
Input Signal InP @ 50 Gbps, Eye amplitude: 370 mV



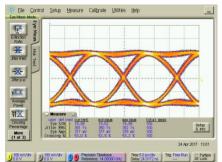
Input Signal InN @ 50 Gbps, Eye amplitude: 380 mV



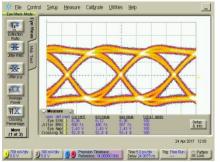
Output Signal @ 50 Gbps, Eye amplitude: 2.6 V



Input Signal InP @ 56 Gbps, Eye amplitude: 365 mV



Input Signal InN @ 56 Gbps, Eye amplitude: 377 mV



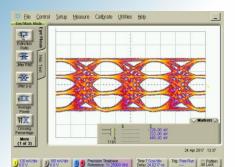
Output Signal @ 56 Gbps, Eye amplitude: 2.4 V

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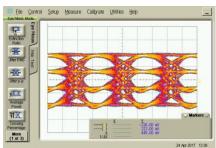




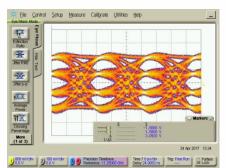
The measurements below had been performed using a SHF 613 A DAC and an Agilent 86100D DCA with Precision Time Base Module (86107A) and 70 GHz Sampling Head (86118A).



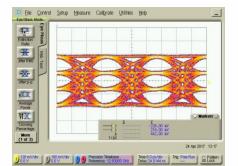
Input Signal InP @ 45 GBaud, Eye amplitude: 448 mV



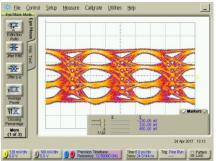
Input Signal InN @ 45 GBaud, Eye amplitude: 448 mV



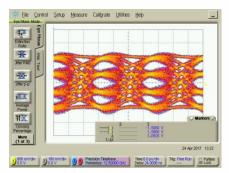
Output Signal @ 45 GBaud, Eye amplitude: 3.1 V



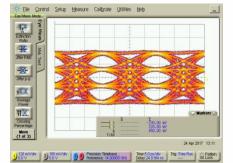
Input Signal InP @ 50 GBaud, Eye amplitude: 442 mV



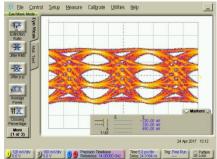
Input Signal InN @ 50 GBaud, Eye amplitude: 450 mV



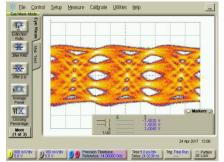
Output Signal @ 50 GBaud, Eye amplitude: 3.1 V



Input Signal InP @ 56 GBaud, Eye amplitude: 450 mV



Input Signal InN @ 56 GBaud, Eye amplitude: 450 mV

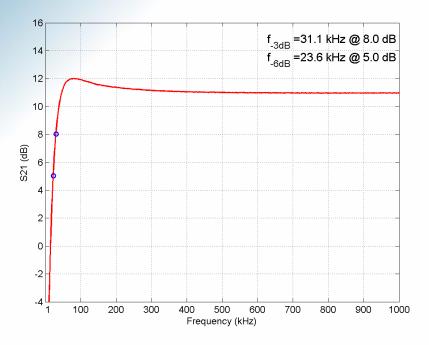


Output Signal @ 56 GBaud, Eye amplitude: 3.0 V

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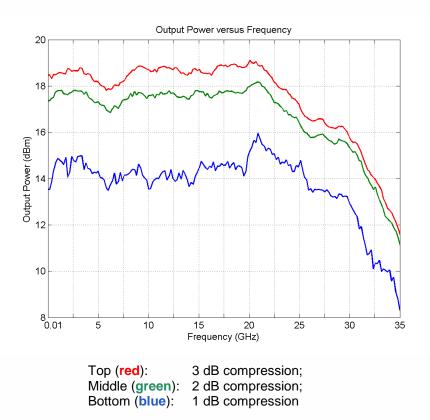






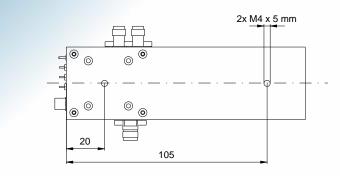
# **Typical Saturation Power Characteristic**

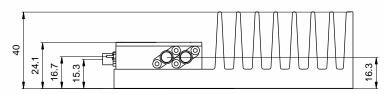
(single-ended measurement InN to Out)



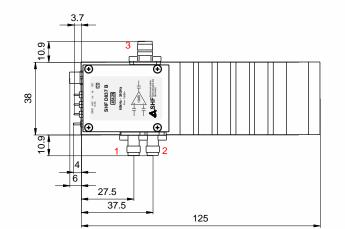


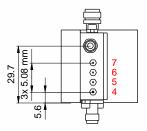


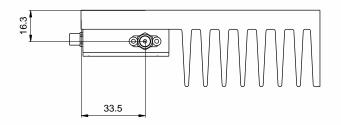




Port	Connector			
1	Non-Inverting Input			
2	Inverting Input			
3	Output			
4	GND			
5	+9 V / 0.4 A			
6	nc			
7	nc			







Pin assignment might change if a bias tee option is chosen.

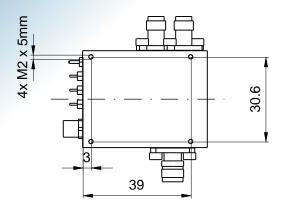
Thermal resistance of heat sink approx. 4 K/W

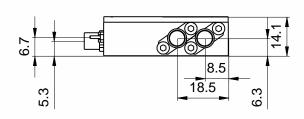
For permanent mounting remove the heat sink from the amplifier. In that case please ensure that adequate cooling of the amplifier is guaranteed. It is recommended to use thermal paste or a thermal gap pad for the mounting. In order to separate the heat sink from the amplifier, remove the four screws on the heat sink. Please note, thermal paste is used between the heat sink and the amplifier housing.

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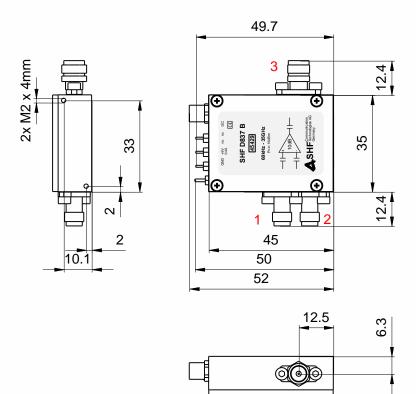


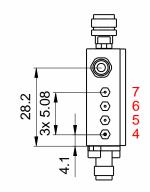






Port	Connector			
1	Non-Inverting Input			
2	Inverting Input			
3	Output			
4	GND			
5	+9 V / 0.4 A			
6	nc			
7	nc			





Pin assignment might change if a bias tee option is chosen.

Please ensure that adequate cooling of the amplifier is guaranteed.

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#### ATTENTION!

#### Electrostatic sensitive GaAs FET amplifier

- 1. To prevent damage through static charge build up, cables should be always discharged before connecting them to the amplifier!
- 2. Attach a 50 Ohm output load before supplying DC power to the amplifier!
- 3. The supply voltage can be taken from any regular 8...12 V, 0.4 A DC power supply and can be connected to the supply feed-through filter via an ON / OFF switch.
- 4. Using a 3 dB or 6 dB input attenuator will result in a 6 dB or 12 dB increase of the input return loss. For minimal degradation of amplifier rise time, these attenuators should have a bandwidth specification of greater 50 GHz (V/ 1.85mm attenuators)!
- 5. A differential input signal of about 1 Vpp will produce output swing of about 3 Vpp.
- 6. Higher input voltages will drive the amplifier's output stage into saturation, leading to waveform peak clipping.
- 7. Saturated output voltages can only be used without damage while the amplifier is connected to a 50 Ohm precision load with a VSWR of less than 1.2 or better than 20 dB return loss up to 40 GHz.
- 8. While using a reflective load the output voltage has to be reduced to a safe operating level according to the magnitudes of the reflections.
- 9. ATTENTION: At radio frequencies a capacitive load can be transformed to an inductive one through transmission lines! With an output stage driven into saturation this may lead to the immediate destruction of the amplifier (within a few ps)!
- 10. The input voltage (single ended) should never be greater than 2 Vpp equivalent to 10 dBm input power.

