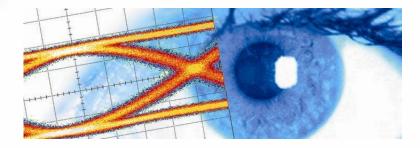
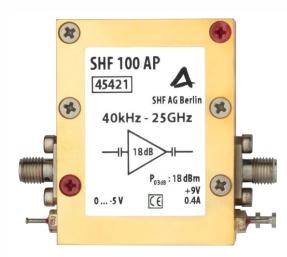


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# Datasheet SHF 100 AP Broadband Amplifier



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The SHF 100 AP is a two stage, wideband RF amplifier featuring flat gain and low group delay variation. By use of proprietary monolithic microwave integrated circuits (MMICs) a 1 dB compression point of 13 dBm and low noise figure are achieved.

In addition the amplifier is characterized by a single power supply requirement and a gain control input for up to 3 dB gain reduction.

## **Applications**

- Optical Communications, Modulator Driver
- High-Speed Pulse Experiments
- Satellite Communications
- Research and Development
- Antenna Measurements
- RF over fiber

## **Available Options**

- 01: DC return on input (max. ±1.75 V, max. 35 mA)<sup>1</sup>
- 02: Built-in bias tee on input (max. ±12 V, max. 220 mA)<sup>1</sup>
- 03: DC return on output (max. ±1.75 V, max. 35 mA)<sup>1</sup>
- 04: Built-in bias tee on output (max. ±12 V, max. 220 mA)<sup>1</sup>
- MP: Matches the phase of two amplifiers
- MT: Special tuning available to optimize performance with E/O modulators<sup>2</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The options 01 & 02 or 03 & 04 cannot be combined. If an option is chosen, the maximum gain and the maximum output power might be reduced by up to 1 dB. The low frequency 3 dB Point might be increased up to 50 kHz.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> If this option is chosen, the maximum gain might be reduced by up to 3 dB.



## Specifications – SHF 100 AP

Parameter	Unit	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Comment
Absolute Max Ratings						
Maximum RF Input	dBm V	P <sub>in</sub> max			4 1	peak to peak voltage
DC Voltage at RF Input	V				±12	AC coupled input
DC Voltage at RF Output	V				±12	AC coupled output
Positive Supply Voltage	V		8.5	9	12	reverse voltage protected
Positive Supply Current	А	I <sub>DD</sub>		0.4	0.5	
Gain Control Voltage	V	U <sub>GC</sub>	-5		0	Reduction by approx. 3dB $I_{GC} \le 10 \text{ mA}$ pin open: max gain is achieved.
Case Temperature <sup>4</sup>	T <sub>case</sub>	°C	10	45	50	
Electrical Characteristics (At 45°C case temperature, unless otherwise specified)						
High frequency 3 dB point	GHz	f <sub>HIGH</sub>	25			
Low frequency 3 dB point	kHz	f <sub>LOW</sub>		30	40	
Gain	dB	S <sub>21</sub>	17	18		non-inverting
Output Power at 1 dB Compression	dBm V	PoldB	13 2.8			10 MHz17 GHz peak to peak voltage
Output Power at 2 dB Compression	dBm V	P <sub>02dB</sub>	16 4.0			10 MHz17 GHz peak to peak voltage
Output Power at 3 dB Compression	dBm V	P <sub>03dB</sub>	17.5 4.7			10 MHz17 GHz peak to peak voltage
Input Return Loss	dB	S <sub>11</sub>		-12	-10	< 20 GHz
Output Return Loss	dB	S <sub>22</sub>		-10	-9	< 20 GHz
Rise Time/Fall Time	ps	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>			20	Full Setup <sub>3</sub> 20%80%, 3 V ≤ Vout ≤ 5 V
Jitter	ps	J <sub>RMS</sub>			1.5	Full Setup ₃ 3 V ≤ Vout ≤ 5 V
Group Delay Ripple	ps				±50	220 GHz, 100 MHz aperture
Power Consumption	W			3.6		9 V supply voltage
Mechanical Characteristics						
Input Connector						SMA female
Output Connector						SMA female
Dimensions	mm					51x40x16 excluding connectors

<sup>4</sup> If operated with heat sink (part of the delivery) at room temperature there is no need for additional cooling.

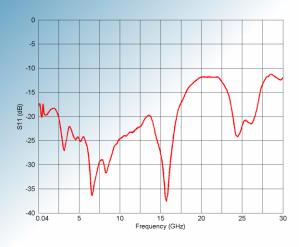
<sup>3</sup> Measured with the following setup: SHF BPG 40 A -> DUT (SHF 100AP) -> Agilent 86100C with 50 GHz sampling head and precision timebase.

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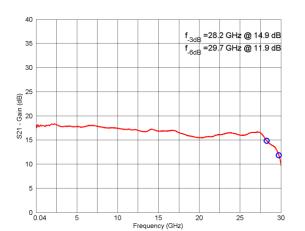
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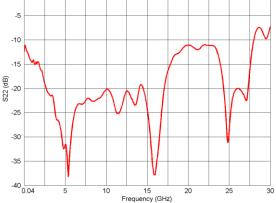


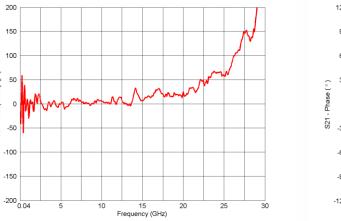


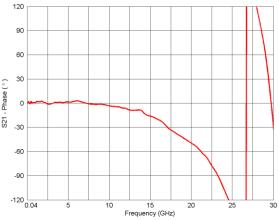












#### Aperture of group delay measurement: 100 MHz

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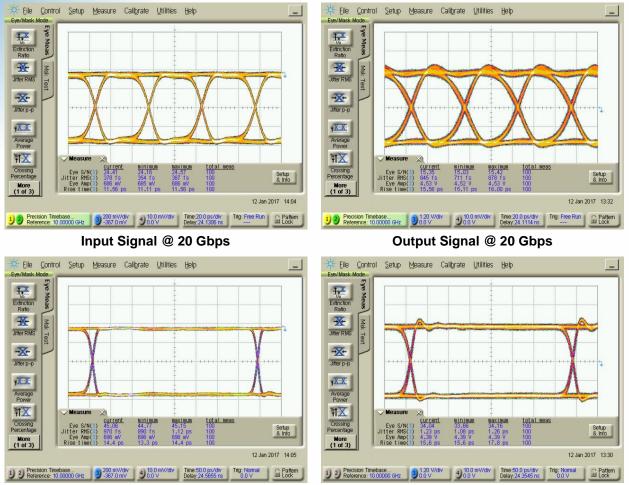


S21 - Group delay (ps)



Measurements at 20 and 2.5 Gbps (PRBS 2<sup>23</sup>-1) had been performed using a SHF BPG 40 A and an Agilent 86100C DCA with Precision Time Base Module (86107A) and 50 GHz Sampling Head (83484A).

The measurements will be part of the inspection report delivered with each particular device.



Input Signal @ 2.5 Gbps

Output Signal @ 2.5 Gbps

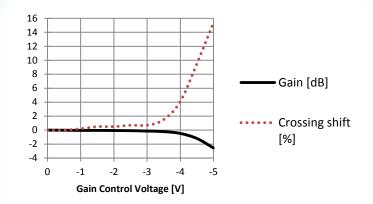
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To operate the amplifier a positive supply voltage of approximately +9 V must be applied.

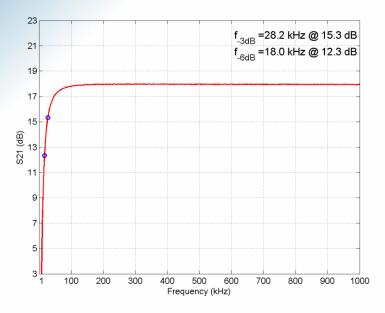
The gain can be adjusted by applying a voltage of 0 to -5 V. If this pin is left open, the amplifier will have maximum gain. By reducing the gain the crossing will shift. Typical characteristics are shown in the following diagram for an input voltage of 680 mV with 50% crossing.



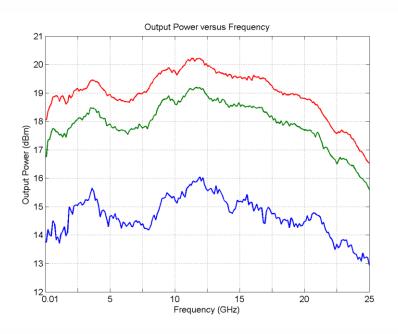
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## **Typical Saturation power**

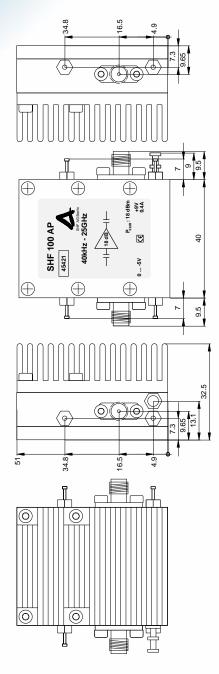


Top (red): 3 dB compression; Middle (green): 2 dB compression; Bottom (blue): 1 dB compression

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All dimensions in mm

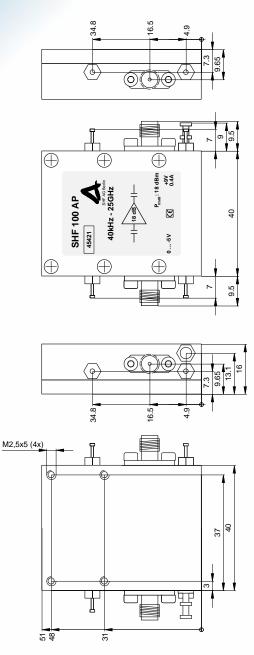
#### All dimensions in mm

For permanent mounting remove the heat sink from the amplifier. In that case please ensure that adequate cooling of the amplifier is guaranteed. It is recommended to use thermal paste or a thermal gap pad for the mounting. In order to separate the heat sink from the amplifier, remove the four screws on the heat sink. Please note, thermal paste is used between the heat sink and the amplifier housing.

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All dimensions in mm

Please ensure that adequate cooling of the amplifier is guaranteed.





#### ATTENTION!

#### Electrostatic sensitive GaAs FET amplifier

- 1. To prevent damage through static charge build up, cables should be always discharged before connecting them to the amplifier!
- 2. Attach a 50 Ohm output load **before** supplying DC power to the amplifier!
- 3. The supply voltage can be taken from any regular power supply and can be connected to the supply feed-through filter via an ON / OFF switch.
- 4. It make sense to use the minimum supply voltage. A higher one increases the power dissipation of the internal voltage stabilizer.
- 5. Using a 3 dB or 6 dB input attenuator will result in a 6 dB or 12 dB increase of the input return loss. For minimal degradation of amplifier rise time, these attenuators should have a bandwidth specification of more than the amplifier bandwith.
- 6. High input voltages will drive the amplifier's output stage into saturation, leading to waveform peak clipping.
- 7. Saturated output voltages can only be used without damage while the amplifier is connected to a 50 Ohm precision load with a VSWR of less than 1.2 or better than 20 dB return loss.
- 8. While using a reflective load the output voltage has to be reduced to a safe operating level according to the magnitudes of the reflections.

**ATTENTION**: At radio frequencies a capacitive load can be transformed to an inductive one through transmission lines! With an output stage driven into saturation this may lead to the immediate destruction of the amplifier (within a few ps)!

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